

### HOW TO PRIORITIZE PROJECTS WHEN EACH ONE IS CRITICAL



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## ATTENDING HIMSS 2017?



February 19th - 23rd, 2017 Orange County Convention Center Orlando, Florida

**Booth # 5147** 





## **AGENDA**

- + Introductions
- + About Upland
- + Webinar
- + Questions





## WHAT WE DO

We provide Cloud Solutions across the enterprise enabling amazing customer outcomes in:



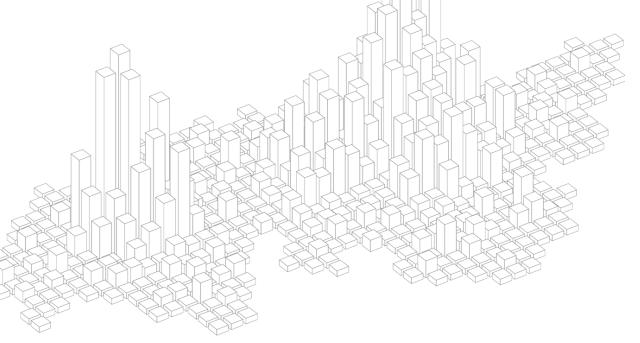
## **OVERVIEW**

+ Leading provider of cloud-based Enterprise Work Management software

+ Supporting over **1,600** customers and **225,000** global users

+ **IPO** in 2014

+ Headquartered in **Austin**, Texas







# UPLAND PRODUCT FAMILY

# PROJECT & IT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Manage your organization's projects, professional workforce and IT costs.









#### WORKFLOW AUTOMATION

Real time productivity optimization, collaboration, and functional automation across your organization's value chain.





#### DIGITAL ENGAGEMENT

Effectively engage with your customers, prospects and community via the web and mobile technologies.









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  - + EclipsePPM.com/webinars

- + Eclipse PPM Demonstrations
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- + Learn why prioritizing is important
- + Discover issues & impacts with subjective prioritization
- + What are some common objective criteria?
- + A balanced objective approach
- + Common questions
- + See an alternative to a scoring approach



### WHY PRIORITIZE?

- + Key PPM objective addressed: optimizing utilization of limited resources (human, material & financial)
- + Consistent, objective method to decide which project "takes the hit" when higher priority project loses a resource







## SUBJECTIVE PRIORITIZATION - ISSUE

+ Traditional prioritization approaches use subjective rankings (low, medium, high, critical)

- + Challenge with this:
  - + Every project is "critical" during intake process; others never get approved
  - + When shared resource contention occurs, how to decide which "critical" project is most critical
  - + Decisions made politically, emotionally, without consistency





## SUBJECTIVE PRIORITIZATION - IMPACTS

#### + Business impacts:

 Poor resource utilization – reduced "bang for the buck"

#### + Resource impacts:

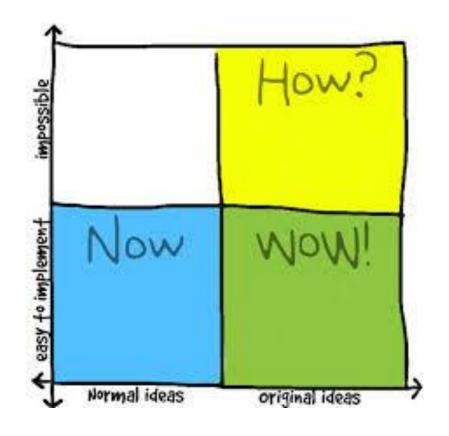
- + Project resources: don't understand why they were moved to another project = frustration
- + Project managers & sponsors: don't understand why their project or business areas are impacted = frustration







## COMMON OBJECTIVE APPROACHES



- + Financial
- + Strategic alignment
- + Critical resource utilization
- + Evaluation of risk
- + Miscellaneous





### FINANCIAL

- + Most common approach to objective prioritization
- + Use during intake & to prioritize projects once selected
- + Common financial methods:
  - + Return on investment (ROI)
  - + Benefits Costs (time normalized)
  - + Internal Rate of Return (IRR)
  - + Net Present Value (NPV)





# FINANCIAL (CONTINUED)

- + Financial models usually optimistic; can fluctuate drastically over project lifecycle due to external & internal factors
- + Few project sponsors are held accountable for financial benefits
- + How do you handle projects that have no tangible financial benefits?
- + Which is better doing 1 project that generates \$1M profit or doing 5 projects that generate \$200K each, when both options use same resources?





## STRATEGIC ALIGNMENT

- + Calculate weighted score for projects using multiple strategic objectives
- + But...some organizations don't have current strategic objectives or this scoring gets done subjectively!





## CRITICAL RESOURCE UTILIZATION

- + Projects that consume less critical resources (human, material or financial) score higher
- + Utilized if bottlenecks are identified
- + Common issues:
  - Very strategic projects need bottleneck resources & given lower priority
  - + All your resources might be in short supply & high demand!

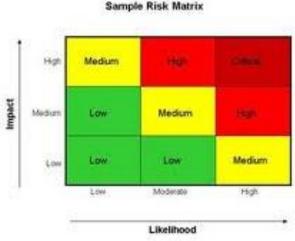






## **EVALUATION OF RISK**

- + Evaluate projects at intake & regularly during execution
- + Higher risk projects get lower priority/score
- + Common issues:
  - + Low project risk assessment maturity
  - + Inconsistent / subjective methods to assess risk
  - + Without taking on some risk, organizations settle for mediocre results would you only invest in money market funds?





## **MISCELLANEOUS**

- + "Squeaky wheel"
  - + Projects get higher priority if championed by VIP or other influential person



- + "Small is beautiful"
  - + Give short duration projects a higher priority
- + "First in, first out"
  - + Projects are prioritized based on when they were requested



First Come First Served!





# A BALANCED OBJECTIVE APPROACH



- + 200+ businesses surveyed proven best prioritization approaches utilize multiple methods in balanced, consistent manner
- + Common sense. Would you use only one approach for financial investment?
- + Approaches:
  - + Numerical
  - + Graphical





## BALANCED NUMERICAL PRIORITIZATION

- Define a set of objective criteria & weightings for each
- + Impartial analyst scores each project against each criteria
- Calculated weighted sum / weighted average
- + Use more than 2 and less than 10 criteria
- + Alter weights based on organization priorities







### **EXAMPLE: BALANCED NUMERICAL PRIORITIZATION**

Prioritization criteria	Weighting	Weighted Score (project A)	Weighted Score (project B)
Financials (0 = ROI < 1, 1 = ROI < 1.5, 2 = ROI > 1.5)	5	5	10
Critical resource utilization (0 = uses more that 1 critical resource, 1 = uses only one critical resource, 2 = uses no critical resources)	3	6	0
Strategic alignment (0 = supports no current objectives, 1 = supports one objective, 2 = supports more than one objective)	3	6	3
Weighted sum of criteria		17	13





### BALANCED GRAPHICAL PRIORITIZATION

+ Enables evaluation of the portfolio's "balance"

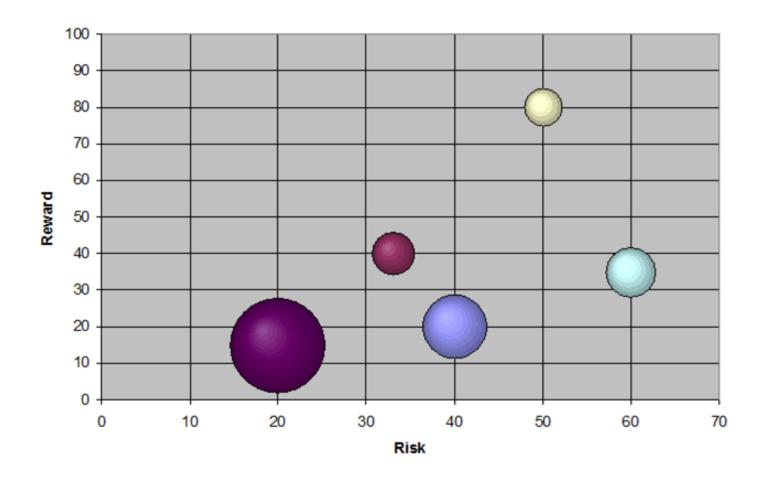
#### + Bubble diagrams:

- + Evaluate overall risk score for all projects
- + Evaluate overall reward score for all projects
- + Plot project scores on an X-Y graph with risk on one axis & reward on the other
- + Prioritize projects based on which quadrant they lie in



### **EXAMPLE: BALANCED GRAPHICAL PRIORITIZATION**

#### Risk vs. Reward







### PRIORITIZING PROJECTS AT MULTIPLE LEVELS

#### + Challenge:

+ Method of prioritizing projects within a department and across organization??

#### + One approach:

- Use one set of department-specific objective criteria – prioritize projects within department
- Use another set including above criteria
   plus some global criteria prioritize
   across organization using those







### NON-DISCRETIONARY PROJECTS

#### + Challenge:

+ How do you deal with prioritization when some projects are non-discretionary?

#### + One approach:

- Treat them as two separate portfolios
- + Plan, track & optimize resource consumption on nondiscretionary projects – don't "gold-plate"!
- + Optimize resource consumption on discretionary projects using balanced objective method





### IMPORTANT CAVEAT: OBJECTIVE PRIORITIZATION



- + Objective prioritization seems like a really good approach to remove "human" element
- + But...should be used to guide decision-making, not replace it
- + Most organizations using objective prioritization successfully still meet to prioritize project portfolios



### ALTERNATIVE TO SCORING

#### + Analytic Hierarchy Process

- Enables governance committee to first define & prioritize criteria for ranking projects using pair-wise comparisons & then to rank projects
- + Pros: Extremely accurate with reasonable sized evaluation sample
- + Cons: Effort intensive, especially with large project portfolio







### KEY MESSAGES

- Avoid subjective prioritization beyond initial project request submission
- + Use multiple objective criteria; score impartially
- + Use more than 2, less than 10 criteria
- + Use objective prioritization to help guide decision making but don't replace discussion process







## THANK YOU!

#### For more information visit

- www.eclipseppm.com
  - Future Webinars
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#### For Questions or Comments:

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# QUESTIONS?